Proposed Responses to Consultation Document - Personal Alcohol Licences: Enabling Targeted, Local Alternatives		
Question	Proposed Response	
Question 1: Do you think the Government's proposal would reduce burdens, in terms of time and/or money, on business, including small and medium enterprises?	Yes	
Question 2: Do you think this proposal would undermine the licensing objectives? The four licensing objectives are: public safety; preventing crime and disorder; preventing public nuisance; and protecting children from harm.	Yes	
Question 3: Do you think nationally accredited training courses for those authorising alcohol sales are necessary to help licensing authorities promote the licensing objectives?	Yes	
Question 4: Do you think a statutory list of relevant offences, such as theft or handling stolen goods, is necessary to help licensing authorities promote the licensing objectives?	Yes	
Question 5: For what proportion of premises in your area do you think conditions requiring nationally accredited training would be appropriate?	75%	

Question 6: For what proportion of premises in your area do you think conditions requiring criminal records declarations for future Designated Premises Supervisors would be appropriate?	75%
Question 7: Below, please provide evidence to support the answers you've given, making clear to which question the evidence refers.	Question 1Although this proposal would reduce burdens on businesses in relation to time and money, we believe it would do so at the expense of other factorsthat we consider to be more important and so do not agree that personal licences should be abolished. Reducing the burden dilutes responsibility and introduces inconsistency, something which the consultation document claims to be trying to prevent.Question 2The consultation document identifies the perceived weaknesses of the current system and, despite arguing the need to make alcohol licensing more targeted, proportionate and flexible, only realistically seeks to reduce the burdens placed on businesses. We do not believe any of the proposals effectively promote or strengthenthe licensing objectives.Question 3Nationally accredited training courses provide consistency across the country and help businesses, particularly small and

staff.It is also a formal way of recognising a level of achievement for an individual. Allowing each local authority to determine their own requirements could work for local people staying within the confines of the same local authority area, but it isn't unusual for members of the licensed trade to move around the country which would potentially mean people having to meet different criteria. We would also be concerned about any proposal that allows someone to hold a position of responsibility without having a suitable qualification. Question 4 A defined list of relevant offences is useful as it provides consistency across the country which will help all those involved in the licensing process understand what the benchmark is. We would be concerned about any intention to reduce the requirement for criminal record checks. We are positive about the proposal to allow the Police to object when someone comes forward with convictions. Question 5 We would expect to have to apply a condition to a high proportion of premises in our administrative area to ensure a basic level of control is in place. Question 6

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should consider? be auth we would premise operate becaus needs t We would holders notify th and for holder t whose existing holder to	tion to the changes proposed requiring all alcohol sales to horised by the DPS, rather than a personal licence holder, ald welcome a proposal that restricted a DPS to a single es licence, avoiding the position where the DPS can e across more than one location simultaneously. This is see we believe the DPS function is a significant role that to focus on one premises. uld also welcome legislation that obliges personal licence s who move from one local authority area to another to he parent authority from which they acquired their licence, that record and any known antecedence of the licence to be made available to the new licensing authority within area the licence holder is moving to. This would close an g loophole, previously highlighted, that allows a licence with a chequered history, though not a relevant ion, to circumvent the key essence of the licensing regime olic protection