### Covid-19 LA financial monitoring - June

#### COVID-19 local authority financial management

information

You are reporting on behalf of:		
Derby City Council		
Billing or precepting authority:		
Billing authority		

This is Round 3 of a data collection designed to help departments across central government understand the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on local authority finances. This collection is for planning purposes; to help us identify where the greatest pressures are likely to be going forward and to inform our ongoing assessment of likely future costs. The information you provide will not be used for monitoring or auditing purposes. We will share a summary of the findings with you in due course. We may also publish, as a management information release, selected results at national, class-type, and potentially local authority-level. Please note that information provided could be the subject of a request under the Freedom of Information Act.

As outlined in previous rounds, we recognise that the situation your authority faces is continually changing and we will continue to repeat and refine this collection on a regular, rolling basis. For Round 3, you are asked to restate your May 2020 estimates based on actual/outturn data where available, alongside projected estimates for June 2020 and the full 2020-21 financial year (1 April 2020 to 31 March 2021).

Where full financial year estimates are requested, please estimate these assuming COVID-19 related costs up until the end of July 2020 based on the indicative timings as set out in the latest available Government advice and thereafter use your authority's own current planning assumptions for longer term annual impacts. You may wish to refer to the UK Government's COVID-19 recovery strategy at <a href="https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/our-plan-to-rebuild-the-uk-governments-covid-19-recovery-strategy">https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/our-plan-to-rebuild-the-uk-governments-covid-19-recovery-strategy</a>

We appreciate that you might not have precise figures, but your estimates are extremely useful in the absence of robust data. However please ensure to exercise accurate, professional judgement when submitting your estimates. All submissions should be agreed by your authority's S151 Officer but do not require official certification.

As with previous rounds, you may need to liaise with relevant colleagues in your authority in order to complete the form.

Please submit your response though DELTA by 11pm on Friday 19 June 2020. We cannot accept returns after the closing deadline. You must hit submit on completing the form otherwise your return will not be counted.

For enquiries, please use the contact details below:

For DELTA registration and collection access enquiries: DELTAadmin@communities.gov.uk For general enquiries relating to this collection: Igfcoviddata@communities.gov.uk

### Section A: Allocation of £3.2bn grant funding by service area

On 19 March 2020, £1.6bn emergency funding was announced to help local authorities respond to the COVID-19 pandemic. On 18 April 2020, a further £1.6bn funding for local authorities was announced. This section relates specifically to your combined allocation from this £3.2bn funding and not any other additional funding which your authority might be receiving to respond to COVID-19.

#### Of this £3.2bn funding, your authority has received:

£ 14,752,757

### Question A1: What proportion of your grant funding have you allocated to the following service areas?

We recognise that some COVID-19-related activities may be cross-cutting, and that you may not have formally allocated the additional funding separately across service areas. However, please provide updated estimates as best you can. This should be done using notional allocations to reflect your priority areas of spending pressure if you do not yet have more reliable data or formal allocation plans available. You should only populate the 'Not yet allocated' category if you are certain that your authority does not have plans to use this funding.

Please ensure the following areas of funding are recorded under 'Other' instead of specific service lines: Forgone savings and delayed or stopped projects, all Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) excluding that which that falls under Adult Social Care (ASC), and Shielding.

Please provide percentage figures for each service area ensuring that they sum to 100%. If your authority does not provide a service or has not allocated any of this grant funding to a particular service area, you must enter 0%

You may wish to refer to your Round 2 May submission which can be found in the DELTA datastore.

For additional guidance and information, where available, please click the information (i) button.

The summary RAG rating asks for your assessment of the confidence you have in the accuracy of the figures provided. This uses a standard RAG rating system where red reflects estimates based on limited evidence/weak assumptions, and green reflects strong evidence and clearer assumptions.

#### Service Area

#### Estimated proportion of grant funding likely to be deployed in this area (%)

1 - Adult Social Care – additional demand	
	2.0 %
2 - Adult Social Care - supporting the market	
	5.0 %
3 - Adult Social Care - workforce pressures	
	0.0 %
4 - Adult Social Care - PPE	
	0.0 %
5 - Adult Social Care - other	
	0.0 %
Adult Social Care - sub total	7%
6 - Children's Social Care – workforce pressures	
	0.0 %
7 - Children's Social Care – residential care	
	2.0 %
8 - Children's Social Care – care leavers	1.0 %
O Children Conial Corn	1.0 %
9 - Children Social Care - other	0.0 %
Children's Social Care - sub total	3%
10 - Education - SEND	
	0.0 %
11 - Education - home to school transport	
, and por	1.0 %
12 - Education -	
other	1.0 %
Education - sub total	

	2%	
13 - Highways and		
Transport	5.0 %	
14 - Public		
Health	2.0 %	
15 - Housing - homelessness		
services	1.0 %	
46 Housing rough		
16 - Housing - rough sleeping	1.0 %	
17 - Housing - other	0.0 %	
Housing - sub total	2%	
	270	
18 - Cultural & related - Sports, leisure and community facilities		
	3.0 %	
19 - Cultural & related - other	0.0 %	
Cultural & related - sub total	3%	
20 - Environment & regulatory - cremation, cemetery and mortuary services		
O4. Facility and Carachellary words are a second	0.0 %	
21 - Environment & regulatory - waste management	2.0 %	
22 - Environment & regulatory - other		
	0.0 %	
Environment & regulatory - sub total	2%	
23 - Planning & development		
23 - Flamming & development	1.0 %	
24 - Police, fire and rescue services		
	0.0 %	
25 - Finance & corporate - ICT & remote working	0.0%	
26 - Finance & corporate - revenue & benefits	0.0 %	
Composition (or other ways)	1.0 %	
27 - Finance & corporate - other		
	1.0 %	

Finance & corporate - sub total	2%
28 - Other - shielding	
	1.0 %
29 - Other - PPE (non-Adult Social Care)	
	0.0 %
30 - Other - unachieved savings/delayed projects	
	2.0 %
31 - Other - excluding service areas listed above	
	68.0 %
Other - sub total	71%
32 - Not yet allocated	
	0.0 %
	Total Percentage Check
	100%
Confidence in accuracy of allocation estimates (RAG rating)	
AMBER	

Question A2: You have allocated funding to 'Other services' or a specific service area suffixed '-other', excluding the subcategories listed (i.e. shielding, PPE, forgone savings/delayed projects), please specify what this represents.

Loss of BR and CT income needed to pay for statutory services and loss of income from sales, fees and charges, commercial and HRA Income.

Section B: Additional spending pressures due to COVID-19

Question B1: Compared to what you had budgeted prior to the COVID-19 pandemic, please estimate how much additional money you have spent, and plan to spend, on the following service areas due to pressures caused by COVID-19.

Your additional spending should be reported:

- 1) Gross of any additional funding you have received do not deduct any grant funding for COVID-19 costs or any other payments e.g. Clinical Commissioning Group (CCG) reimbursement
- 2) Net of any savings arising from changes in activity due to the COVID-19 pandemic e.g. due to use of the furlough scheme.

As in Section A, we recognise that COVID-19 activities may be cross-cutting across service areas, and it may not be possible to apportion additional spend due to COVID-19 with complete accuracy. However, please estimate as best you can.

Please ensure the following areas of expenditure are recorded under 'Other' instead of specific service lines: Forgone savings and delayed or stopped projects, all Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) related spend excluding that which falls under Adult Social Care (ASC), and Shielding.

You should report your additional spend estimates in millions, though you can provide figures to the nearest thousand pounds (up to 3 decimal places) if you are able to do so. If your authority does not provide a service or you have not spent any more as a result of COVID-19, you must enter 0 (zero).

If submitted, you may wish to view your Round 2 May form which can be found in the DELTA datastore. For Round 3, please use actual expenditure/outturn-based estimates where possible for May.

Where full financial year estimates are requested, please estimate these assuming COVID-19 related costs up until the end of July 2020 based on the indicative timings as set out in the latest available Government advice and thereafter use your authority's own current planning assumptions for longer term annual impacts. You may wish to refer to the UK Government's COVID-19 recovery strategy at https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/our-plan-to-rebuild-the-uk-governments-covid-19-recovery-strategy

For additional information, where available, please click the information (i) button.

	Estimated additional spending pressure due to Covid-19		
Service Area	May 2020 (£m)	June 2020 (£m)	Full financial year 2020-21 (£m)
1 - Adult Social Care - additional demand	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
	£ 0.500 m	£ 0.517 m	£ 1.439 m
2 - Adult Social Care - supporting the	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
market	£ 0.417 m	£ 0.417 m	£ 4.082 m
3 - Adult Social Care - workforce pressures	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
	£ 0.108 m	£ 0.090 m	£ 0.299 m
4 - Adult Social Care - PPE	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
	£ 0.012 m	£ 0.000 m	£ 0.173 m
5 - Adult Social Care - other	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
	£ 0.000 m	£ 0.000 m	£ 0.000 m
ASC sub total	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
	£ 1.037 m	£ 1.024 m	£ 5.993 m
6 - Children's Social Care – workforce	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
pressures	£ 0.000 m	£ 0.000 m	£ 0.000 m
7 - Children's Social Care – residential	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
care	£ 0.255 m	£ 0.255 m	£ 1.516 m
8 - Children's Social Care – care leavers	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
	£ 0.138 m	£ 0.138 m	£ 0.413 m
9 - Children Social Care -	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
other	£ 0.000 m	£ 0.000 m	£ 0.000 m
	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
	£ 0.393 m	£ 0.393 m	£ 1.929 m

#### CSC sub total

10 - Education - SEND	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
	£ 0.000 m	£ 0.006 m	£ 0.006 m
11 - Education - Home to school transport	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
	£ 0.167 m	£ 0.167 m	£ 0.500 m
12 - Education - other	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
	£ 0.109 m	£ 0.106 m	£ 0.511 m
Education sub total	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
	£ 0.276 m	£ 0.279 m	£ 1.017 m
13 - Highways and	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
Transport	£ 0.024 m	£ 0.024 m	£ 0.223 m
			<b>-</b> "
<b>14 -</b> Public Health	May 2020 £ 0.003 m	June 2020 £ 0.003 m	Full year 2020-21
	£ 0.003 III	£ 0.003 III	1.013111
15 - Housing - homelessness	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
services	£ 0.018 m	£ 0.018 m	£ 0.220 m
16 - Housing - rough sleeping	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
3	£ 0.247 m	£ 0.112 m	£ 0.797 m
17 - Housing - other (excluding HRA)	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
	£ 0.000 m	£ 0.000 m	£ 0.000 m
Housing sub total (excluding HRA)	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
	£ 0.265 m	£ 0.130 m	£ 1.017 m
<b>18 -</b> Cultural & related - Sports, leisure and community facilities	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
•	£ 0.000 m	£ 0.000 m	£ 0.200 m
19 - Cultural & related - other	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
	£ 0.000 m	£ 0.000 m	£ 0.000 m
Cultural & related sub total	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
	£ 0.000 m	£ 0.000 m	£ 0.200 m
20 - Environment & regulatory - cremation, cemetery and mortuary services	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
Same of and mortuary solvious	£ 0.000 m	£ 0.000 m	£ 0.115 m
21 - Environment & regulatory - waste	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
management	£ 0.242 m	£ 0.233 m	£ 1.393 m
	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
	£ 0.000 m	£ 0.000 m	£ 0.000 m

#### 22 - Environment & regulatory - other

Environment & regulatory sub total	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
	£ 0.242 m	£ 0.233 m	£ 1.508 m
23 - Planning & development	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
	£ 0.170 m	£ 0.170 m	£ 0.569 m
24 - Police, fire and rescue services	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
	£ 0.000 m	£ 0.000 m	£ 0.000 m
25 - Finance & corporate - ICT & remote	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
working	£ 0.035 m	£ 0.086 m	£ 0.228 m
00 5	M 0000	l 0000	Full 0000 04
26 - Finance & corporate - revenue & benefits	May 2020 £ 0.000 m	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
	£ 0.000 III	£ 0.000 m	£ 0.000 m
27 - Finance & corporate - other	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
	£ 0.009 m	£ 0.000 m	£ 0.438 m
Finance & corporate sub total	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
	£ 0.044 m	£ 0.086 m	£ 0.666 m
28 - Other - shielding	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
	£ 0.143 m	£ 0.292 m	£ 0.685 m
29 - Other - PPE (non-Adult Social Care)	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
	£ 0.013 m	£ 0.013 m	£ 0.041 m
30 - Other - unachieved savings/delayed	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
projects	£ 0.002 m	£ 0.005 m	£ 1.966 m
<b>31 -</b> Other - excluding service areas listed above	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
	£ 0.000 m	£ 0.000 m	£ 0.000 m
Other sub total	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
	£ 0.158 m	£ 0.310 m	£ 2.692 m
TOTAL FORMATED 2000000			E II
TOTAL ESTIMATED SPENDING PRESSURE (General Fund)	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
	£ 2.612 m	£ 2.652 m	£ 17.629 m

### Additional Housing Revenue Account (HRA) Pressures:

32 - HRA - workforce pressures	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
	£ 0.250 m	£ 0.250 m	£ 0.750 m

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33 - HRA - supplies and materials	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
including PPE	£ 0.000 m	£ 0.000 m	£ 0.000 m
<b>34 -</b> HRA - other	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
	£ 0.000 m	£ 0.000 m	£ 0.000 m
HRA total	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
	£ 0.250 m	£ 0.250 m	£ 0.750 m
Question B2: You have subcategories listed (in this represents.	e allocated spendir .e. shielding, PPE,	ng pressures to 'Other serv' forgone savings/delayed pr	ices', excluding the ojects), please specify what
non school attendance fines and addit	tional costs for schools meal con		tend at the Pupil Referral Unit, loss of income from ortive printing costs.
Question B3: Using the of the additional exper reflects estimates base evidence and clearer and confidence in accuracy of spend pressure.	ssumptions.	w, please assess the confidence. This uses a standard ence/weak assumptions, and	ence you have in the accuracy RAG rating system where red I green reflects strong
AMBER			
Question B4: Has your reimbursement and fur relating to hospital dis	nding of some of y	me to an agreement with yo our additional COVID-19 rela	our partner CCG(s) about the ated costs including those
Yes			
Question B5: What pro reimbursed by your pa	oportion of your tot artner CCG(s)?	tal additional spending on a	dult social care, will be
Please express your answer as a perce by CCGs has been calculated as a guid	•	al care expenditure from B1 is shown below, and	the equivalent amounts reimbursed and not reimbursed
Service Area	May 2020 (£m)	June 2020 (£m)	Full financial year 2020-21 (£m)
	21.3 %	30.0 %	13.5 %

Proportion of total adult social care additional spend to be funded by CCG(s)

Total adult social care additional spending	£ 1.037 m	£ 1.024 m	£ 5.993 m
Additional adult social care spending to be funded or reimbursed by CCG(s)	£ 0.221 m	£ 0.307 m	£ 0.809 m
Additional adult social care spending not funded or reimbursed by CCG(s)	£ 0.816 m	£ 0.717 m	£ 5.184 m

# Question B6: What proportion of your total additional spending on adult social care (ASC) and ASC- PPE is going directly to external providers?

Please express your answers as a percentage. Your additional adult social care expenditure from B1 is shown below, and the equivalent amounts going directly to providers have been calculated as a guide.

Service Area	May 2020 (£m)	June 2020 (£m)	Full financial year 2020-21 (£m)
Proportion of total ASC additional spend going to external providers	40.2 %	40.7 %	68.1 %
Total ASC additional spending	£ 1.037 m	£ 1.024 m	£ 5.993 m
ASC additional spending going to external providers	£ 0.417 m	£ 0.417 m	£ 4.081 m
ASC additional spending not going to	£ 0.620 m	£ 0.607 m	£ 1.912 m
external providers			
Proportion of additional ASC PPE spend	0.0 %	0.0 %	0.0 %
going to external providers	0.0 70	0.0 70	0.0 %
Tatal additional ACO DDF as an discu			
Total additional ASC PPE spending	£ 0.012 m	£ 0.000 m	£ 0.173 m
Additional ASC PPE spend going to	£ 0.000 m	£ 0.000 m	£ 0.000 m
external providers	2 0.000 111	2 0.000 111	2 0.000 m
A 18% 1400 PPF			
Additional ASC PPE spend not going to external providers	£ 0.012 m	£ 0.000 m	£ 0.173 m

#### Section C: Income reductions due to COVID-19

## Question C1: Compared to what you budgeted prior to the COVID-19 pandemic, how much have the following sources of income been reduced due to pressures caused by COVID-19?

As with Spending Pressures, please provide income loss estimates as best you can. You should report your losses in millions, though you can provide figures to the nearest thousand pounds (up to 3 decimal places) if you are able to do so. Please report your loss estimates using positive figures. In all cases, losses should be reported as the difference between the actual/projected amount to be collected post COVID-19 (including the impact of the business rate measures announced at and since Budget 2020) compared to what to was originally expected to be collected prior to COVID-19 and prior to Budget 2020.

If your income has not been affected by COVID-19, you must enter 0 (zero). Additionally, if you are a Precepting authority (shire county in a two-tier area), you do not have to enter your share of Business Rates and Council Tax losses as these will be reported by the respective Billing authority. Billing authorities should show all council tax and business rates losses, including those that will be attributable to preceptors and the central share.

If submitted, you may wish to view your Round 2 April form which can be found in the DELTA datastore. However, please note that the format for this section has changed. Please use actual outturn-based income losses where possible for May 2020.

Where full financial year estimates are requested, please estimate these assuming COVID-19 related costs up until the end of July 2020 based on the indicative timings as set out in the latest available Government advice and thereafter use your authority's own current planning assumptions for longer term annual impacts. You may wish to refer to the UK Government's COVID-19 recovery strategy at <a href="https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/our-plan-to-rebuild-the-uk-governments-covid-19-recovery-strategy">https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/our-plan-to-rebuild-the-uk-governments-covid-19-recovery-strategy</a>

For additional information, where available, please click the information (i) button.

Note: The value of your additional Business Rates reliefs for 2020-21, as reported in the NNDR data collection published in May 2020, is shown to the right.

NNDR published BR reliefs 2020/21:

£ 35.290 m

The figure you submit below for your 2020-21 financial year business rate losses attributable to reliefs should be the same or close to this published value.

As a billing authority you should show all council tax and business rates losses, including those that will be attributable to preceptors and the central share.

#### Estimated income losses £m pressure due to Covid-19 Income source May 2020 (£m) June 2020 (£m) Full financial year 2020-21 (£m) 1 - Business rates losses- COVID-19 May 2020 June 2020 Full year 2020-21 Reliefs £ 3.431 m £ 3.431 m £ 41.172 m Full year 2020-21 2 - Business rates losses - Deferrals May 2020 June 2020 £ 0.476 m £ 0.476 m £ 0.952 m May 2020 June 2020 Full year 2020-21 3 - Business rates losses - other £ 0.533 m £ 0.533 m £ 6.397 m Business Rates losses subtotal (cash May 2020 June 2020 Full year 2020-21 receipts) £ 4.440 m £ 4.440 m £ 48.521 m Business rates losses subtotals (after May 2020 June 2020 Full year 2020-21 reliefs) £ 1.009 m £ 1.009 m £ 7.349 m

4 - Council Tax receipt losses - working	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
age LCTS	£ 0.130 m	£ 0.130 m	£ 1.559 m
<b>5 -</b> Council Tax receipt losses - payment failure	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
	£ 0.255 m	£ 0.255 m	£ 3.063 m
6 - Council Tax receipt losses - other	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
	£ 0.009 m	£ 0.009 m	£ 0.112 m
Council Tax receipt losses total	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
	£ 0.394 m	£ 0.394 m	£ 4.734 m
Collection Fund Losses - Total	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
	£ 1.403 m	£ 1.403 m	£ 12.083 m
<ul><li>7 - Highways and Transport Sales, Fees &amp; Charges (SFC) - Parking services losses</li></ul>	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
Changes (Cr 6) Training services lesses	£ 0.479 m	£ 0.479 m	£ 2.874 m
8 - Highways and Transport Sales, Fees &	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
Charges (SFC) losses - other	£ 0.032 m	£ 0.032 m	£ 0.190 m
9 - Cultural & Related (SFC) - Recreation	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
and sport losses	£ 0.538 m	£ 0.550 m	£ 2.147 m
10 - Cultural & Related (SFC) losses - other	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
	£ 0.006 m	£ 0.007 m	£ 0.022 m
11 - Planning & Development SFC losses	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
	£ 0.092 m	£ 0.092 m	£ 0.322 m
12 - Other SFC income losses	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
	£ 0.236 m	£ 0.219 m	£ 1.168 m
Sales, Fees & Charges income losses	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
total	£ 1.383 m	£ 1.379 m	£ 6.723 m
13 - Commercial income losses	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
	£ 0.111 m	£ 0.111 m	£ 0.411 m
14 - Other income losses	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
	£ 0.010 m	£ 0.010 m	£ 0.155 m
Non-collection Fund Losses Total	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
	£ 1.504 m	£ 1.500 m	£ 7.289 m
TOTAL ESTIMATED INCOME LOSS	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
E E CHIMATE D'INCOME E E E E	£ 2.907 m	£ 2.903 m	£ 19.372 m
	22.001 111	Z 2.500 III	2 10.072 111

Additional	Housing	Povenue	Account	/HPA1	Incene.
Auullionai	nousiiiu	Reveilue	ACCOUNT	ITICAL	105565.

15 - HRA - residential rent arrears	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
	£ 0.235 m	£ 0.086 m	£ 1.059 m
16 - HRA - commercial rent arrears	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
	£ 0.006 m	£ 0.006 m	£ 0.070 m
17 - HRA - losses from voids	May 2020	May 2020	Full year 2020-21
	£ 0.010 m	£ 0.010 m	£ 0.060 m
<b>18 -</b> HRA - other	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
	£ 0.002 m	£ 0.002 m	£ 0.013 m
HRA total	May 2020	June 2020	Full year 2020-21
	£ 0.253 m	£ 0.104 m	£ 1.202 m

Question C2: Your 2020-21 Business Rates loss attributable to reliefs is now different to the value of your published reliefs, please explain why.

Retail Relief has increased as some large assessments were missed off the original estimate.

Question C3: You have recorded income reduction under 'Other' or a specific income loss line suffixed '- other' please specify what this represents.

Business Rates losses, other - non collection and reduction in ratings values due to businesses liquidating. Council tax losses, other - delays in forecast new builds previously included in budgeted council tax base.

SFC losses, other - loss of income from other service areas not included above.

Question C4: Using the RAG rating below, please assess the overall confidence you have in the accuracy of the income reduction figures provided. This uses a standard RAG rating system where red reflects estimates based on limited evidence/weak assumptions, and green reflects strong evidence and clearer assumptions.

Confidence in accuracy of income reduction estimates (RAG	rating)

RED

Question C5. We are interested in understanding income losses which are irrecoverable and you know will impact on your financial position. Of the income losses specified below (and as you have reported in C1), what proportion is already known/deemed to be irrecoverable in that it will permanently impact on your financial position?

Please express your estimate as a percentage of the given source of income loss. For each income type, your loss as reported in C1 is shown below, and the equivalent amounts deemed irrecoverable and recoverable have been calculated as a guide.

Sales, fees and charges	May 2020 (£m)	June 2020 (£m)	Full financial year 2020-21 (£m)
Proportion of Sales, fees and charges income deemed irrecoverable	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %
Total sales, fees and charges loss	£ 1.383 m	£ 1.379 m	£ 6.723 m
Irrecoverable sales, fees and charges losses	£ 1.383 m	£ 1.379 m	£ 6.723 m
Recoverable sales, fees and charges losses	£ 0.000 m	£ 0.000 m	£ 0.000 m
Commercial Income	May 2020 (£m)	June 2020 (£m)	Full financial year 2020-21 (£m)
Proportion of commercial income deemed irrecoverable	38.9 %	38.9 %	37.0 %
Total commercial income loss	£ 0.111 m	£ 0.111 m	£ 0.411 m
Irrecoverable commercial income losses	£ 0.043 m	£ 0.043 m	£ 0.152 m
Recoverable commercial income losses	£ 0.068 m	£ 0.068 m	£ 0.259 m
Other Income	May 2020 (£m)	June 2020 (£m)	Full financial year 2020-21 (£m)
Proportion of other income deemed irrecoverable	100.0 %	100.0 %	100.0 %
Total other income loss	£ 0.010 m	£ 0.010 m	£ 0.155 m
Irrecoverable other income losses	£ 0.010 m	£ 0.010 m	£ 0.155 m
Recoverable other income losses	£ 0.068 m	£ 0.068 m	£ 0.259 m

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Confidence in accuracy of irrecoverable	loss estimates (RAG rating)		
AMBER			
Coronavirus Job Retention Scheme (CJF	RS). This would be in exceptional	cases: where staff salaries are largely funded	o furlough workers and claim funding through the by sales, fees and charges, where there is a significant ere these staff cannot be redeployed, and where the
Question C6: If you are CJRS, please include a expected to be offset b	n estimate of the e	xtent to which a reduction	f and made a claim through the in sales, fees and charges are
You should report your figure in millions,	though you can provide figures t	to the nearest thousand pounds (up to 3 decima	al places)
£ 0.000 m			
Section D: Council Tax paym	nent plans and Local Co	ouncil Tax Support (LCTS)	
Question D1: How man payment plans with in 2	y households – if a 2020-21? Please es	any – has your authority ag stimate your responses in t	reed alternative council tax his section as best you can.
1,517			
what the alternative pay	yments plans look	ve arrangements, please a like. This could include, fo payments to be taken ove	Iso provide further detail on rexample, arrangements to rdifferent months.
The alternative payment plan has the c	option to defer payments starting	in June 2020 and running for 10 months until M	farch 2021 or the option to split over additional months.
The following question relates to your Lo	cal Council Tax Support (LCTS)		
Question D3. Please es	timate the total nu	mber of working age LCTS	caseload and compare this OVID -19 budget calculations.
against the authority s	expectations for 20 As at 31 May 2020	As at 30 June 2020	Average of quarterly snapshots across the full Financial Year 2020-21
•	expectations for 20 As at 31 May 2020	As at 30 June 2020	the full Financial Year 2020-21
Total number of working age LCTS caseload	expectations for 20		

9,846

9,862

9,960

Total expectation of working age LCTS caseload (as set out in budget calculations pre COVID-19)

Confidence in accuracy of LCTS caseload estimates (RAG rating)

RED

#### Section E: Allocation of £500m Covid-19 Council Tax hardship fund

Please estimate your responses in this section as best you can. However, if for any question in the section you are unable to provide a rough working estimate, you can leave the box blank and continue to the next question.

The Government has made COVID-19 Hardship Fund payments totalling £500m to local authorities.

As stated in the Hardship Fund guidance, published on 24 March 2020, it is expected that billing authorities will use the fund to provide all recipients of working age local council tax support ('LCTS') during the financial year 2020-21 with a further reduction of £150 in their annual council tax bill.

Where a taxpayer's liability for 2020-21 is, following the application of council tax support, less than £150, then their liability would be reduced to nil. Where a taxpayer's liability for 2020-21 is nil. no reduction to the council tax bill will be available.

Having allocated grant to reduce the council tax bill of working age LCTS recipients by a further £150, billing authorities should establish their own local approach to using any remaining grant to assist those in need.

Of this funding, your local authority allocation is:

£ 2.188 m

## Question E1: To date, how many Hardship Fund discounts have been applied to council tax liabilities of Working Age LCTS claimants?

0

### Question E2: What proportion of your working age Local Council Tax Support caseload does your answer to E1 represent?

Please express as a percentage.

0.0 %

# Question E3: To date, how much of your council's allocated hardship fund has been earmarked to current recipients of LCTS?

Please express in £m, up to 3 decimal places.

£ 1.500 m

As a percentage of your allocation, this accounts for:

68.6 %

### Question E4: What proportion of your grant funding have you allocated towards other council tax reductions or support outside of the council tax system?

Please express as percentage.

0.0 %

### Question E5: How many households have received support as set out in E4 in this way to date?

0

# Question E6: If you would like to provide some additional commentary on your authority's use of the Hardship Fund, please do so here.

The remaining funding is required as Derby is heavily manufacturing based with Rolls Royce, Bombardier and Toyota in the area, the down turn in aerospace and car manufacturing industries in particular could impact on jobs and unemployment rates in the city in addition to the impact on retail and service industries. We are expecting 1500 job loses at Rolls Royce in Derby. It has been predicted that the East Midlands could be hard hit with job losses because of these industries.

#### Section F: Availability of reserves and cashflow difficulties due to Covid-19

In order to help us understand the impact of COVID-19 on financial sustainability, and on the basis of the funding provided to date, we would like you to provide us with some information on how you anticipate the shock will affect your authority's reserve levels and wider financial strategy.

Please provide information that is consistent with your input on income and expenditure.

# Question F1: Please provide a provisional estimate of your unringfenced reserves balance as of 31st March 2020? Please separate between unallocated and earmarked reserves.

Note: The fields below have been pre-populated with estimates of your unringfenced reserves balance from the 2019/20 Revenue Account data, please update with provisional outturn data if available

You should report your estimates in millions, though you can provide figures to the nearest thousand pounds (up to 3 decimal places) if you are able to do so, with a RAG rating for confidence in estimates.

Unallocated financial reserves - 19/20 RA	Other earmarked reserves - 19/20 RA
£ 10.933 m	£ 77.495 m
	Unringfenced reserves as at 31st March 2020
Unallocated financial reserves	£ 10.933 m
Other earmarked reserves	£ 84.827 m
Confidence in accuracy of reserves estimates (RAG rating)	
GREEN	

Question F2: What percentage of your unringfenced reserves as reported in F1 are programmed for expenditure within the next three to four years within your Medium Term Financial Strategy and are therefore internally seen as unavailable for unforeseen circumstances?

### Please separate between unallocated and earmarked reserves.

	Percentage of unringfenced reserves as at 31st March 2020 seen as unavailable for unforeseen circumstances	Unringfenced reserves as at 31st March 2020 seen as unavailable for unforeseen circumstances		
Unallocated financial reserves	100 %	£ 10.933 m		
Other earmarked reserves	100 %	£ 84.827 m		
Confidence in accuracy of reserves estimates (RAG rating)				
GREEN				

Question F3: If, in the event, you are required to deploy reserves to meet COVID-19 pressures in 2020-21, what impact would using unallocated reserves and/or other earmarked reserves have on your wider financial strategy?

Please select all that apply

It would require you to add to reserves in 2021-22

It would delay planned savings/improvement plans

Othe

Question F4: If you have selected Other, please specify.

As part of setting the annual budget, un-allocated GF Balances are determined as a "safety-net" to take account of strategic, operational and financial risks facing the authority locally, and allow for unplanned demand/pressures arising from Councils core service provision; they are not intended to fund national emergencies/global pandemics. Notwithstanding Covid-19, those General Fund Balances are still needed for their intended purpose and should not be reallocated to fund Covid-19 pressures.

# Question F5: Do you anticipate any difficulties in meeting cash flow requirements over the next three months as a result of pressures caused by Covid-19?

We are interested in any difficulties in meeting ongoing costs from your existing resources or through normal treasury management activity such as short-term borrowing. Please use the drop-down list provided.

No

### Section G: Additional commentary

# Question G1. If you would like to provide some additional commentary on how the COVID-19 pandemic is impacting your authority's finances and how you are responding, please do so here.

The Council is forecasting an emerging budget gap in 2020/21 of approx. £19m (inc. collection fund losses) after receipt of current Covid Funds inc. ICF and test and trace. It is important that the longer term recovery of the City of Derby is not compromised by having to cash fund or technically provide for significant sums in year that would lead to a premature issue of a Section 114 report due to uncertainty over future support. Further funding is required alongside technical freedoms to spread the impact over a longer period of time.

Looking forward, the impact of collection fund losses and funding baselines (for example NNDR baselines) are fundamentally scarred which alongside reduced levels of activity (Parking, Leisure etc.) means that the income impacts will be felt over a number of years and will need supporting.

These forms should not be used to pro-rata any future funding allocations due to interpretation and consistency issues between Councils in their returns.

Many thanks for completing this form, please remember to click submit when you have finished each section and have S151 officer agreement.