



## Self Evaluation Questionnaire (SEQ)

### CONSOLIDATED RESPONSES

#### SECTION 1

#### KEY QUESTIONS AT THE HEART OF RELIGIOUS CONTROVERSY

This section identifies some of the key questions that pupils need to engage with in preparation for understanding the complexity of religious and theological contentious issues.

RATE YOUR CONFIDENCE WHEN IT COMES TO ENGAGING STUDENTS WITH THESE QUESTIONS IN THE CLASSROOM

		%
1.1 What do people mean when they refer to an issue as contentious or controversial?	Very confident	30
	Confident	59
	A bit confident	12
	Not confident	0
1.2 What is meant in religious contexts by terms such as fundamentalism, relativism, conservative, liberal, absolute, extremism etc?	Very confident	19
	Confident	31
	A bit confident	45
	Not confident	4
1.3 What are the differences between terms such as knowledge, belief, theory, opinion, proof, truth, evidence etc?	Very confident	37
	Confident	45
	A bit confident	16
	Not confident	0
1.4 Why do people have different beliefs – both in general and in their religions?	Very confident	30
	Confident	62
	A bit confident	10
	Not confident	0
1.5 Why do people have different interpretations of the same religion?	Very confident	14
	Confident	62
	A bit confident	19
	Not confident	4
1.6 Why are the consequences of faith not the same for all people who profess the same religion or tradition?	Very confident	14
	Confident	48
	A bit confident	33
	Not confident	4
1.7 How do different traditions find answers to ultimate questions and ethical issues?	Very confident	21
	Confident	49
	A bit confident	27
	Not confident	3
1.8 Some people talk about 'shared values' in the UK? Are there any shared values? Can people who do not share values live together in the same community?	Very confident	11
	Confident	52
	A bit confident	33
	Not confident	3

## SECTION 2

### TEACHING AND LEARNING ABOUT CONTENTIOUS ISSUES

This section is about desirable attitudes and approaches for engaging with contentious religious and theological issues.

PLEASE PROVIDE A RESPONSE FOR ALL QUESTIONS

RATE HOW CONFIDENTLY YOU ADOPT THE ATTITUDES AND APPROACHES (LISTED BELOW) IN THE CLASSROOM

		%
2.1 Demonstrating respect for different cultures, religions and beliefs in your teaching	Very confident	48
	Confident	43
	A bit confident	9
	Not confident	1
2.2 Displaying appropriate sensitivity to the home backgrounds and the beliefs of the parents of pupils	Very confident	40
	Confident	40
	A bit confident	19
	Not confident	1
2.3 Ensuring that displays positively reflect the diverse society, languages and other aspects of the wider community	Very confident	23
	Confident	30
	A bit confident	24
	Not confident	12
2.4 Adopting an impartial stance while teaching	Very confident	34
	Confident	48
	A bit confident	16
	Not confident	1
2.5 Encouraging pupils to recognise the advantages of diversity within their communities as well as its challenges	Very confident	26
	Confident	47
	A bit confident	19
	Not confident	1
2.6 Providing opportunities to challenge prejudice, discrimination and stereotyping, in all its forms	Very confident	36
	Confident	27
	A bit confident	27
	Not confident	3
2.7 Encouraging pupils to express their ideas and beliefs in a sensitive and respectful way, even when they are negative or controversial; and understanding strategies for handling disagreements that arise	Very confident	12
	Confident	47
	A bit confident	30
	Not confident	3
2.8 Providing opportunities for students to develop the skills for discussion and balanced decision making	Very confident	21
	Confident	43
	A bit confident	26
	Not confident	1
2.9 Managing discussion effectively, especially when unplanned controversial issues arise	Very confident	16
	Confident	47
	A bit confident	36
	Not confident	1
2.10 Involving pupils in effective learning outside the classroom (eg through visits to places of worship, museums)	Very confident	15
	Confident	25
	A bit confident	37
	Not confident	22

2.11 Knowing where to find, and using effectively, up-to-date information and resources to support pupils' understanding of equality, diversity and community cohesion	Very confident	8
	Confident	27
	A bit confident	52
	Not confident	12
2.12 Knowing how to find appropriate speakers with different beliefs and religious perspectives to talk to pupils	Very confident	10
	Confident	16
	A bit confident	44
	Not confident	30
2.13 Knowing how to guide and help students to develop discernment when using the Internet, especially in relation to sites which promote hatred or violence	Very confident	6
	Confident	29
	A bit confident	51
	Not confident	15

### SECTION 3 MANAGEMENT ISSUES

These questions are about the collective skills and understanding of all teachers of RE in the school; not just about the work of the subject leader.

PLEASE PROVIDE A RESPONSE FOR **ALL** QUESTIONS

RATE HOW CONFIDENT YOU ARE THAT RELIGIOUS EDUCATION PROVISION IN THE SCHOOL RELIABLY ...

		%
3.1 uses effective strategies for teaching contentious issues	Very confident	10
	Confident	34
	A bit confident	49
	Not confident	7
3.2 is based on sound knowledge about a range of religions	Very confident	21
	Confident	47
	A bit confident	29
	Not confident	4
3.3 is effective in promoting equality and community cohesion	Very confident	23
	Confident	41
	A bit confident	29
	Not confident	6
3.4 involves effective collaboration and communication with parents over the ethos of RE and the issues it raises	Very confident	12
	Confident	19
	A bit confident	38
	Not confident	30
3.5 ensures that complaints or issues arising from RE lessons are handled fairly and effectively	Very confident	29
	Confident	48
	A bit confident	18
	Not confident	7
3.6 has constructive links with: other schools; advisers; professional groups; the SACRE; local faith and belief communities - wider faith and belief communities	Very confident	16
	Confident	29
	A bit confident	38
	Not confident	16

## SECTION 4 CURRICULUM ISSUES

These questions relate to a selection (by no means a comprehensive list) of contentious issues that can provoke violent extremism. The question relates to confidence about addressing them from an RE perspective that takes full account of religious and theological motivation and arguments.

PLEASE PROVIDE A RESPONSE FOR ALL QUESTIONS

RATE HOW CONFIDENT YOU ARE IN TEACHING ABOUT ISSUES RELATED TO ...

		%
4.1 Religious extremism	Very confident	6
	Confident	27
	A bit confident	51
	Not confident	16
4.2 Terrorist organisations claiming religious authority, such as Al Qa'ida	Very confident	4
	Confident	14
	A bit confident	55
	Not confident	27
4.3 Situations in which religion is involved in contemporary conflict; especially Ireland and Israel/Palestine.	Very confident	6
	Confident	29
	A bit confident	52
	Not confident	14
4.4 Right-wing inspired race hatred, especially when given a religious justification	Very confident	6
	Confident	27
	A bit confident	48
	Not confident	18
4.5 Religious teachings about the use of violence and war; especially the 'just war' theory and interpretations of Jihad	Very confident	23
	Confident	41
	A bit confident	32
	Not confident	4
4.6 Religious teachings about homosexuality	Very confident	20
	Confident	38
	A bit confident	24
	Not confident	7
4.7 Issues of identity, religious/cultural traditions and belonging	Very confident	21
	Confident	45
	A bit confident	33
	Not confident	0
4.8 Social, cultural and political aspects of religion in the modern world	Very confident	14
	Confident	44
	A bit confident	38
	Not confident	4
4.9 Women and gender equality	Very confident	32
	Confident	47
	A bit confident	22
	Not confident	0

## SECTION 4

### ADDITIONAL COMMENTS

1. In response to the question 'in comparison with other CPD priorities for RE teaching, rate 'handling contentious issues high, medium or low', 44% responded 'high', 44% 'medium' and 12% 'low'.
2. When asked to identify other important 'contentious areas' not directly addressed in the SEQ, where knowledge and/or skills needed to improve, the responses fell into five main areas as follows:
  - *Diversity and identity* (both national and individual)
    - immigrants and asylum seekers
    - gypsies
    - ageism
    - disability
  - *Racism and 'phobia'*
    - anti-semitism
    - Islamophobia
    - homophobia
    - extremist parties (EDL, WDL)
  - *Families*
    - monogamy/polygamy
    - honour killing
    - same sex marriage
    - abortion
    - arranged marriage
  - *Society*
    - poverty
    - crime and punishment
    - drugs
    - Shari'ah Law in Britain
    - PC terms and use of appropriate language
  - *Religion and religious education*
    - atheism vs theism
    - science vs religion
    - fundamentalism and its impact on studying other beliefs
    - matters of life and death
    - the need and justification for RE in schools
    - teaching about a belief to students who hold it when the teacher him/herself does not
3. A range of the teaching issues mentioned by one or more respondent were:
  - assessment in RE
  - managing off-the-cuff discussions
  - engaging EAL students from different religious backgrounds
  - finding visiting speakers
  - finding teaching and learning resources to support non-specialist teachers of RE
  - building the subject knowledge of non-specialist teachers of RE
  - studying topics in context – not just focusing on religion
  - helping pupils with confused cultural identity
  - selection of websites
  - managing the attitudes of parents and the wider community
  - creativity and the use of thinking skills in RE
  - balancing political correctness with telling the truth
4. Almost without exception, the SEQ returns demonstrated that teachers were thinking openly and perceptively about how they might improve. My subjective impression is that the six most common and urgent areas of concern are:
  - explaining different religions, their varying interpretations and religious conflict
  - explaining the origins of modern terrorism and extremism and countering stereotyping
  - handling fundamentalism, biblical literalism and the intolerance of 'others' and 'other views'
  - getting students to listen to and engage with views they oppose and to manage their own discussions
  - subject knowledge for non-specialists
  - relationships with parents and the wider community (including other schools, SACREs, faith and belief groups, etc)